E"MILE ZOLA, NOVELIST AND REFORMER 177

Zola should be decorated was made an affair State, solemnly debated by the Council of Ministers the Elvsee Palace, Marshal MacMahon being in the chair. probably with his usual cigar between his lips, and his usual bottle of green Chartreuse standing handy on a cheffonnier, in order that he might help himself whenever " felt disposed," which, according to the scandalmongers day, was pretty often. And the brave, honest, and narrowminded Marshal, who — perhaps at his wife's instigation absolutely refused to promote the impious Renan from rank of chevalier to that of officer of the Legion was in thorough agreement with all the who Ministers opposed the unlucky Bardoux when he asked that the ribbon might be conferred on the obscene Zola. his On side, the latter, ignorant of the real circumstances of the case, and more and more annoyed by the spiteful allusions to the affair which appeared in some of the newspapers, issued an open letter formally signifying his renunciation of the red ribbon, with the result that for some there was ,no further question of "decorating "the foremost. novelist of Prance. On January 18,1879, the Ambigu Theatre the first gave of " performance of the dramatic version

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L'Assommoir

pared by Messrs. Busnach and Gastineau, who, point of fact, had been largely assisted by Zola, though his name did not appear on the bills, and he allowed all the merit the play's success to be attributed to his colleagues. Goncourt tells us that during the rehearsals his melancholy mien quite chilled the actors, who by no anticipated means a success.1 While the first performance was in progress

¹ "Journal des Goncourt, Vol. VI (January 21, 1878).